

Finite Element Convergence Results

Theorem 7.5 (Deterministic or L^∞ RHS)

Let Assumptions 1 and 2 hold, and let $V^h \subset H_0^1(D)$ be the space of piecewise linear FEs with respect to a shape-regular triangulation \mathcal{T}_h (see Appendix B).

Furthermore, suppose that $f \in L^\infty(\Omega; L^2(D))$ (in particular includes deterministic f), $a_{\min}^{-1/2} a_{\max}^{1/2} \in L^q(\Omega; \mathbb{R})$ and $C_2 \in L^r(\Omega; \mathbb{R})$ with $q, r \in [1, \infty]$ s.t. $\frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{q} + \frac{1}{r} \leq 1$, then

$$\|u - u_h\|_{L^p(\Omega; H_0^1(D))} \leq ch \|f\|_{L^\infty(\Omega; L^2(D))}.$$

$$|u - u_h(\cdot, \omega)|_{H^1(D)} \leq C C_2(\omega) \sqrt{\frac{\alpha_{\max}(\omega)}{\alpha_{\min}(\omega)}} \|f(\cdot, \omega)\|_{L^2(D)} h$$

$$\mathbb{E} \left[|u - u_h(\cdot, \omega)|_{H^1(D)}^p \right]^{1/p} \leq C \operatorname{ess\,sup} \|f(\cdot, \omega)\|_{L^2(D)} h \mathbb{E} \left[C_2^p \left(\frac{\alpha_{\max}}{\alpha_{\min}} \right)^{p/2} \right]^{1/p}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{H\"older}}{\leq} C \|f\|_{L^\infty(\Omega; L^2(D))} h \underbrace{\left\| \sqrt{\frac{\alpha_{\max}}{\alpha_{\min}}} \right\|_{L^q(\Omega; \mathbb{R})}}_{< \infty} \underbrace{\|C_2\|_{L^r(\Omega; \mathbb{R})}}_{< \infty}$$